

Catalogue# Prot-m-NF-H-bov: Purified bovine neurofilament heavy chain; Lot #120115 14-17

Background: Neurofilaments are the 10 nm or intermediate filament proteins found specifically in neurons, and are composed predominantly of four major proteins called NF-L, NF-M, NF-H and α -internexin (1). NF-H is the neurofilament heavy or high molecular weight polypeptide and runs on SDS-PAGE gels at 200-220kDa in the heavily phosphorylated axonal form. The molecule has an unusual and interesting region consisting of multiple Lysine-Serine-Proline peptides, about 40 of these in human. These peptide repeats are heavily phosphorylated on the Serine residues in axons. Enzymatic removal of these phosphate groups will increase the SDS-PAGE mobility to about 160kDa, likely due to protein conformational changes due to the removal of charge (2). Even the non-phosphorylated form runs aberrantly on SDS-PAGE, as the real molecular weight of NF-H is about 110kDa, with some variation in different species. This is likely due to an unusually high content of charged amino acids. Non-phosphorylated forms of NF-H are found in dendrites and perikarya and early in development, but the majority of NF-H in the adult is this heavily phosphorylated axonal form. Our preparation was isolated from cow spinal cord using a modification of the method of Leung and Liem (3), which purifies out the heavily phosphorylated axonal form, often referred to as pNF-H. The [HGNC](#) name for this protein is [NEFH](#).

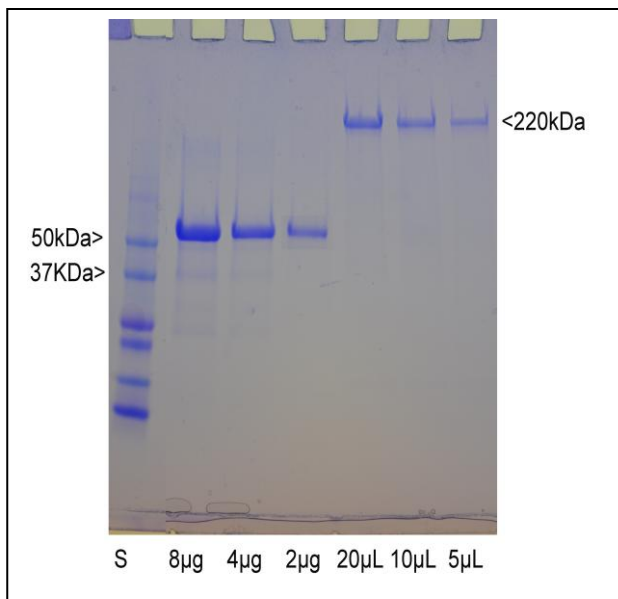


Figure: Coomassie brilliant blue stained SDS-PAGE gel of cow pNF-H preparation. First lane shows molecular weight standards of indicated molecular size. Next three lanes show BSA at 10, 5 and 2.5µg respectively. Next three show the indicated volumes of the pNF-H preparation. The pNF-H was isolated from pig spinal cord using Triton/sucrose extraction method of Leung and Liem as far as the 6M urea solubilization and batch ion exchange chromatography on hydroxyapatite step (3). The material was then fractionated using a phosphate gradient of 10mM to 300mM on DEAE-cellulose in 6M urea at pH=7.5. The pNF-H elutes cleanly at about 50mM phosphate as shown. The cow pNF-H runs on SDS-PAGE with an apparent molecular weight of 220kDa.

Protein Characteristics: Purified protein is concentrated at 0.1 mg/mL and is supplied in 6M urea, 10mM phosphate buffer at pH=7.5.

References:

1. Perrot, R., Berges, R., Bocquet, A and Eyer, J. Review of the multiple aspects of neurofilament functions, and their possible contribution to neurodegeneration. [Mol. Neurobiol 38:27-65 \(2008\)](#).
2. Julien, J-P. and Mushynski, W. E. Multiple phosphorylation sites in mammalian neurofilament polypeptides. [J. Biol. Chem. 257:10467-10470 \(1982\)](#).
3. Leung, C. L. and Liem, R. K. H. Isolation of intermediate filaments. [Curr. Prot. Cell Biol. 3:Unit 3.23 doi: 10.1002/0471143030.cb0323s31 \(2006\)](#).

Limitations: This product is for research use only and is not approved for use in humans or in clinical diagnosis.