

Neurofilament NF-L Chicken Polyclonal Antibody

Host

Isotype

CPCA-NF-L

Species Cross-Reactivity

Ordering Information Web www.encorbio.com Email admin@encorbio.com Phone 352-372-7022 Fax 352-372-7066

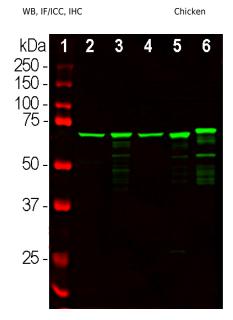
HGNC Name: NEFL UniProt: P07196 RRID: AR 2149931

Immunogen: Recombinant human NF-L protein Format: Concentrated IgY preparation in PBS plus

Storage: Store at 4°C.

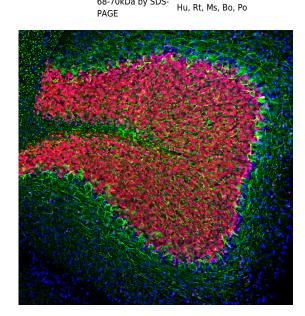
Recommended dilutions: WB: 1:5,000. IF/ICC and IHC: 1:2,000.

1. Hoffman et al. Neurofilament gene expression:a major determinant of axonal caliber. PNAS 84:3472-6 (1987). 2. Perrot R, et al. Review of the Multiple Aspects of Neurofilament Functions, and their Possible Contribution to Neurodegeneration. Mol. Neurobiol. 38:27-65 (2008). 3. Lépinoux-Chambaud C. Eyer J. Review on intermediate filaments of the nervous system and their pathological alterations. Histochem. Cell Biol. 140:13-22 (2013). 4. Liu Q. et al. Neurofilamentopathy in Neurodegenerative Diseases. Open Neurol. J. 5:58-62 (2011). 5. Bacioglu M. et al. Neurofilament light chain in blood and CSF as marker of disease progression in mouse models and in neurodegenerative diseases. Neuron 91:56-66 (2016).



Western blot analysis of tissue lysates probed with chicken pAb to NF-L. CPCA-NF-L. dilution 1:20,000 in green: [1] protein standard (red), [2] rat brain, [3] rat spinal cord, [4] mouse brain, [5] mouse spinal cord and [6] cow spinal cord. Strong bands at

~68kDa corresponds to NF-L proteins which are known to have slightly different apparent SDS-PAGE molecular weights across species boundaries.



Molecular Wt.

68-70kDa by SDS-

Immunofluorescent analysis of rat cerebellum section stained with chicken pAb to NF-L. CPCA-NF-L. dilution 1:2,000 in green, and costained with mouse mAb to FOX3/NeuN, MCA-1B7, dilution 1:5,000 in red. Following transcardial perfusion of rat with 4% paraformaldehyde, brain was post fixed for 24 hours, cut to $45\mu\text{M}$, and free-floating sections were stained with above antibodies. CPCA-NF-L antibody labels perikarya and processes of neuronal cells, particularly strongly the axons of basket cells, while the FOX3/NeuN antibody stains the nuclei and proximal cytoplasm of neurons.

Background:

Applications

Neurofilaments are the 10nm or intermediate filament proteins found specifically in neurons, and are composed predominantly of three major proteins called NF-L, NF-M and NF-H, though other filament proteins may be included also. The major function of neurofilaments is likely to control the diameter of large axons (1). NF-L is the neurofilament light or low molecular weight polypeptide and runs on SDS-PAGE gels at 68-70kDa with some variability across species. Antibodies to NF-L like CPCA-NF-L are useful for identifying neuronal cells and their processes in cell culture and sectioned material. NF-L antibody can also be useful for the visualization of neurofilament rich accumulations seen in many neurological diseases, such as Lou Gehrig's disease (ALS), giant axon neuropathy, Charcot-Marie Tooth disease and others (2-4). Much interest has recently been focused on the detection of NF-L released from neurons into blood and CSF as a surrogate marker of primarily axonal loss in a variety of types of CNS injury and degeneration (5). CPCA-NF-L antibody was made against a preparation of full length human recombinant NF-L protein. It binds NF-L from a variety of species including human, rat and mouse. We also generated highly specific rabbit polyclonal antibodies, RPCA-NF-L and RPCA-NF-L-ct, and several mouse monoclonal antibodies, MCA-7D1, MCA-1B11, and

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Abbreviation Key:

mAb-Monoclonal Antibody pAb-Polyclonal Antibody WB-Western Blot IF-Immunofluorescence ICC-Immunocytochemistry IHC-Immunohistochemistry E-ELISA Hu-Human Mo-Monkey Do-Dog Rt-Rat Ms-Mouse Co-Cow Pi-Pig Ho-Horse Ch-Chicken Dr—D. rerio Dm—D. melanogaster Sm—S. mutans Ce—C. elegans Sc—S. cerevisiae Sa—S. aureus Ec—E. coli.